

POINT INDUSTRY MATTRESS WITH WIREMESH

Product Name:		INDUSTRY MATTRESS WITH WIREMESH			
TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	UNIT	TOLERANCES	Thermal insulation products for building equipment and industrial installations - Factory made mineral wool (MW)	TECHNICAL METHOD TS EN 14303
Density	d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	(+,-)% 10	90	TS EN 1602
Length	l	mm	(+,-) %2	3000	TS EN 822
Width	b	mm	(+,-) %1,5	1200	TS EN 822
Determination of Dimensional Stability	DS (T+)	mm	%	<1	TS EN 1604
Thickness	d <sub>N</sub>	mm	(- 5, + )	100	TS EN 823
<b>Thermal Conductivity</b>					
Average Thermal Conductivity Value (50 C <sup>0</sup> )	λ <sub>ort</sub>	W/mK	50 C <sup>0</sup>	0,038	TS EN 12667- EN ISO8497
Average Thermal Conductivity Value (100 C <sup>0</sup> )	λ <sub>ort</sub>	W/mK	100 C <sup>0</sup>	0,049	TS EN 12667- EN ISO8497
Average Thermal Conductivity Value (150 C <sup>0</sup> )	λ <sub>ort</sub>	W/mK	150 C <sup>0</sup>	0,058	TS EN 12667- EN ISO8497
Average Thermal Conductivity Value (200 C <sup>0</sup> )	λ <sub>ort</sub>	W/mK	200 C <sup>0</sup>	0,068	TS EN 12667- EN ISO8497
Average Thermal Conductivity Value (250 C <sup>0</sup> )	λ <sub>ort</sub>	W/mK	250 C <sup>0</sup>	0,083	TS EN 12667- EN ISO8497
Average Thermal Conductivity Value (300 C <sup>0</sup> )	λ <sub>ort</sub>	W/mK	300 C <sup>0</sup>	0,097	TS EN 12667- EN ISO8497
Average Thermal Conductivity Value (350 C <sup>0</sup> )	λ <sub>ort</sub>	W/mK	350 C <sup>0</sup>	0,115	TS EN 12667- EN ISO8497
Reaction to fire	Euroclass		A1		TS EN 13501-1
Max. Usage Temperature			Max. 760		
Melting Point	°C		Max. 1000		DIN 4102
Water Vapor Diffusion Resistance Coefficient	μ		1	1	TS EN 12086
Short Term Water Absorption	W <sub>P</sub>	kg/m <sup>2</sup>	< 1	< 1	TS EN 1609
Long Term Water Absorption	W <sub>LP</sub>	kg/m <sup>2</sup>	< 3	< 3	TS EN 12087
Corrosive metarial content	mg/kg		clorür:20 / pH:10		EN13468
Air flow resistance	NPD				EN29053
Certificates	CE ( SERT.NO:1020-CPD-010028090) ,ISO 9001,ISO 14001,ISO 18001,ISO 50001				
Product Key	MW-TS EN 13162-T5-DS(T+)				
Facing	Galvanized wire mesh				
<b>STORAGE</b>					
*Care should be taken to avoid rain and water.					
*It should be stored indoors and away from moisture.					
*To avoid the deformation of packages, one person should not carry it.					
*During transportation, products should be covered with tarpaulin.					
*They should be arranged horizontally.					
*Proper stacking should be done in order not to break the corners of the packages.					
*Packages should not be exited.					
All experiments have been carried out by TEKNOVASYON laboratory which is accredited by TÜRKAK.					